

# **WINDER-BARROW HIGH SCHOOL**



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## **POSTSECONDARY PLANNING GUIDE**

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## INTRODUCTION

Dear WBHS Junior and Seniors,

High school in the lens of COVID-19 has changed dramatically. In-person or digital learning, has provided challenges across the board to students, parents and school staff. This handbook has been designed to equip you with the tools necessary to make well-informed decisions about post-secondary options after high school. Living in the world today we know information can change in an instant, so we ask that you read this information and make sure you keep in regular contact with your counselor and plan in advance to know the criteria needed for your plans after high school.

As a junior at Winder-Barrow, your thoughts will move towards a plan to complete your high school career and what are your next steps after graduation. As a senior, you are putting your plan to action and life beyond the halls of our school is quickly becoming a reality. This is an exciting time in your life and we hope that you will use this handbook as a guide during the decision-making process.

It is the hope of the Winder-Barrow Counseling Department that this handbook will take some of the anxiety and mystery out of the college admissions process and help you discover those colleges that will be a good fit for you. For many students, where to attend college will be the first major decision that you will make in your life. Read through this handbook carefully, and should questions arise, make an appointment to see your counselor.

Many different resources were used in compiling the information contained in this planning guide. Our office would like to thank CollegeBoard and GAFutures whose materials were incredibly helpful.

**The Winder-Barrow High School Counseling Department**

# COLLEGE AND CAREER PLANNING CHECKLIST

## Spring Semester Junior Year

- Start thinking about your future plans; take a career survey at [www.gafutures.org](http://www.gafutures.org). Utilize [collegeboard.roadtripnation.com](http://collegeboard.roadtripnation.com) and your YouScience results to develop a career road map.
- Make a binder for all important college/career planning information. You'll need it!
- Register for the ACT at [www.actstudent.org](http://www.actstudent.org) and/or the SAT at [www.collegeboard.org](http://www.collegeboard.org).
- Study for the ACT and SAT. Purchase a study book or use free online resources such as KHAN Academy [www.khanacademy.org/test-prep/sat](http://www.khanacademy.org/test-prep/sat).
- Check to see if schools you are interested in require the SAT Subject Tests.
- Attend a college fair. Check [www.nacacnet.org](http://www.nacacnet.org) or [www.gaprobe.org](http://www.gaprobe.org) for dates. You can also attend fairs electronically by visiting [www.collegeweeklive.com](http://www.collegeweeklive.com).
- Seek out internships or chances to "shadow" people in careers you are interested in.
- Visit [www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org](http://www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org) to search and compare schools.
- Use your Spring Break to take tours of colleges you are interested in!
- Develop a list of 5-8 possible schools. Look at safety, match, and reach schools.

## Summer before Senior Year

- Plan college visits. As a senior, you are allowed to have 1 excused absence per semester for visits; summer is also a great time to go to avoid missing school.
- Begin working on your resume or brag sheet. Resume Builder is available on [GAFutures.org](http://GAFutures.org).
- Retake the ACT and/or SAT if you are not happy with your score.
- Start to learn about financial aid with your family. Read the DOE's *Funding Your Education* and *Getting Financial Aid* by the College Board.
- Register with the NCAA Eligibility Center ([www.eligibilitycenter.org](http://www.eligibilitycenter.org)) if you plan to play college athletics at an NCAA school.

## Fall Semester (Senior Year)

- Meet with your school counselor to discuss your college choices and the college application process.
- Create a master list/calendar of admissions tests, college deadlines, and financial aid deadlines.
- Attend the Senior Info Night in August/September.
- Register to take the SAT, ACT, or Accuplacer if you have not yet taken it.
- If you need recommendations, ask teachers and counselors (**2 weeks notice**).
- Work on scholarship applications.
- Request transcripts for out-of-state schools or use [GAFutures.org](http://GAFutures.org) for in-state schools.
- Complete your applications and complete the FAFSA.
- Attend a FAFSA completion event.

## Spring Semester (Senior Year)

- Register to take an ASVAB test with a recruiter if necessary.
- Fill out the FAFSA if you did not in the fall for HOPE Grant and Scholarship at [www.fafsa.ed.gov](http://www.fafsa.ed.gov).
- Send test scores to any schools to which you are applying.
- Send final transcript to the college you have selected.

# COLLEGE APPLICATION PROCESS AT WBHS

**Step 1** – Research colleges for academic, financial and personal fit. Plan a college visit or complete a virtual tour. As a senior, you will have 1 excused absence per semester for college visits. To be excused for a college visit students must be signed off as in “good standing” by their teachers in each course. Please visit Ms. Long in the College and Career Resource Center for appropriate paperwork.

**Step 2** – Apply to colleges online using the college’s website, GAFutures or the Common Application. Take note of deadlines imposed by the college, and plan ahead. Be sure to complete the entire application as well as additional documents needed such as immunization records and lawful presence documentation. The documents needed will vary by school.

**Important information for college applications:**

**Winder-Barrow High School**  
**272 N. Fifth Avenue**  
**Winder, GA 30680**

**Main Number:** (770) 867-4519

**Fax Number:** (770) 307-2919

**CEEB School Code:** 113275

**School Website:** <http://www.barrow.k12.ga.us/wbhs/>

**Counseling Website:** [www.bit.ly/WBHS Counseling](http://www.bit.ly/WBHS Counseling)

**Step 3** –It is your responsibility to have SAT/ACT scores sent directly from the testing agency to the college you are applying to. Make sure to plan ahead and keep in mind that it may take a few weeks for the college or scholarship agency to receive your scores. For technical schools, take the Accuplacer at the institution you plan to attend.

**Step 4** – If required by the college, request teacher recommendations *at least* 2 weeks ahead of deadlines. Provide your teacher with a resume or come to the counseling office to pick up a brag sheet. Please check if your college requires the submission of electronic forms or if they prefer everything be mailed with your transcript packet. **\*\*The teacher evaluations provided by the counseling office do not serve as the teacher recommendations that colleges are requesting. They serve only to help your counselor write your counseling recommendation letter.\*\***

**Step 5** – ONLY IF required by the college to have a counselor recommendation, you will need to fill out and return the following items found in the counseling office and on our website: 2 teacher evaluations and 1 brag sheet. **These items should be completed and returned at least 2 weeks ahead of your deadline.** Make sure to have a teacher fill out the evaluation that knows you and your strengths well, personally and academically. Make sure to fill out the brag sheet thoroughly and avoid acronyms and abbreviations. When you turn in your paperwork, tell your counselor how your recommendation needs to be sent and provide a web address or mailing address if needed.

**Step 6** – Send your transcripts. For **in-state schools**, you can send your transcripts by logging into your [www.gafutures.org](http://www.gafutures.org) account, select the "My GAFutures" tab, then select "My Transcript," then select the college(s) to which you are applying. If you are applying to **out-of-state schools or scholarships**, complete a transcript request with Ms. Casper in the Counseling Office. All transcripts are sent at no cost.

**Step 7** – Beginning October 1, you will need to complete your FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid). Begin your FAFSA by signing up for a FSA ID at [www.fsa.ed.gov](http://www.fsa.ed.gov). The application is completed electronically on [www.fafsa.ed.gov](http://www.fafsa.ed.gov). You will need W2’s for you and your parents from the prior-prior year to complete the application. **All documents needed are listed on the FAFSA website.**

# TYPES OF ADMISSIONS DECISIONS

**The following are some of the most frequently mentioned admissions practices.**

## **Early Decision**

Early decision allows a student to apply between October and mid-January for an early determination of admissibility. If accepted, the student is obligated to attend. The student may submit other applications during this period, but only one can be Early Decision. If accepted through the Early Decision program, the student must withdraw all other applications. Please keep in mind that if you apply for Early Decision and are accepted, IT IS BINDING!

## **Early Action**

Early Action is a plan offered by a few schools that invites early applications, but does not require the student to attend if accepted. The application deadline is usually in early November. It allows the student to receive notice of admission, but is not binding. The student usually has until May 1<sup>st</sup> to inform the school of his/her decision.

## **Deferred Decision**

The college or university determines that more information is needed to make a final decision about a candidate's application. Often the decision is delayed until the second semester and/or new test scores are received.

## **Rolling Admissions**

The college will notify the applicant as soon as the application has been processed (usually four to six weeks) and the file is complete. It is to the student's advantage to apply early.

## **Open Admissions**

Students are accepted after application completion (usually community colleges).

## **Deferred Admission**

Deferred Admission permits a student, once accepted, to postpone matriculation for one year in order to pursue other plans.

# EXPLORING POST-SECONDARY OPTIONS

**Remember that there are over 7,000 post-secondary options in the United States. You have a lot of choices when it comes to higher education. Even if you're unsure what path to take, you have to start planning now for your future. The same skills and knowledge needed to get into college are also necessary to get a good job.**

## **Degree Programs:**

1. **Certificate and Diploma Programs:** Usually a program you can finish in less than two years, sometimes one. These programs are very career-specific and lead to employment opportunities.
2. **Associate of Arts (A.A.) or Associate of Science (A.S.):** A degree awarded after completing a two-year college program.
3. **Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) or Bachelor of Science (B.S.):** A degree awarded after completing a four- or five-year college program.

## **Four-year universities and colleges offer B.A. or B.S. degrees.**

<https://www.usg.edu/student-affairs/assess/student-affairs/documents/USG-Admission-Requirements-2022.pdf>

1. Most four-year college students focus on coursework full time and work no more than part-time. Graduates from four-year colleges and universities are in greater demand by employers and generally earn more money than non-graduates. Tuition costs can be high and may include fees or living on-campus, but some financial aid is available for all students.
2. A common misconception is that you need to know what you want to do before going to college. On the contrary, college is a place to explore your interests and abilities in a multitude of new areas. Liberal Arts colleges, for example, encourage you to experiment in different fields before declaring a major. Most colleges require students to declare their major by the end of sophomore year. Students who do know what they want to major in can apply to that area of study from the very beginning. Undecided students can sample a variety of courses before concentrating.

## **Community/Technical colleges generally require 2 years of coursework to earn a degree.**

<https://www.tcsge.edu/find-a-college/>

These schools are open to everyone, though a high school diploma or GED is usually required. They are relatively inexpensive and offer flexible class schedules. It is often possible to transfer to a four-year school to get a B.A. or B.S. after earning your Associate's degree.

## **U.S military provides training and money for education.**

Options include enlistment, military academies and Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC programs). Many colleges and universities offer ROTC programs for one or more branches of the military. In addition to regular coursework, ROTC cadets take classes on military science and participate in physical and leadership training outside of the classroom. ROTC graduates can earn a B.A. or B.S., but most enter the military as an officer with a four-year active duty or eight-year inactive duty commitment after college.

## **Uncertain of which option to follow or which career path matches your interests and skills?**

We recommend that you use [gafutures.org](http://gafutures.org) or [bigfuture.collegeboard.org](http://bigfuture.collegeboard.org) to help you with this process. Also, please look at the Important Resources section of this guide for additional sources.

# BUILDING A COLLEGE LIST

**When building a college list it is important to consider the following characteristics:**

- Campus Size/Student Population
- Location: City, Suburban, Rural
- Cost: Tuition, Financial Aid, Scholarships
- Programs and Majors Offered
- On-Campus Activities: Sports and Greek System

**After you determine a college is an overall fit, it is generally a good rule to follow these guidelines when you are deciding where to apply. For up-to-date data on current admissions averages, please visit <https://admission.gatech.edu/images/pdf/2021USGDataChart.pdf>**

- ***One or two safety colleges:*** colleges to which they will almost certainly be admitted.
- ***Some “matches”:*** colleges where their GPA, test scores, and other features look very similar to those of recent entering classes.
- ***A reach (or two):*** colleges where they meet the criteria for admission, but may not have the stellar qualifications of most first year students.

**Generally speaking, colleges fall into 6 admissions categories ranging from Most Competitive to Noncompetitive based on GPA, class rank, test scores, and the school’s acceptance rank. When making admissions decisions, many colleges take into consideration the applicant pool, rigor of curriculum, recommendations, special talents, leadership, essays, intellectual curiosity, and your level of interest.**

## **Most Competitive Schools**

***GPA Class Rank:*** Typically accept students with an A average/are in the *top 10% of their class or higher.*

***Test Scores:*** Median SAT of 655 to 800 on critical reading and math / 29 and above score on the ACT.

***Acceptance Rate:*** Many admit only a small percentage (1% to 33%) of students who apply.

***Examples:*** Duke, Brown, Harvard, Military Academies, Princeton, Stanford, Yale, Emory, Georgia Tech, Vanderbilt, UNC Chapel Hill

## **Highly Competitive Schools**

***GPA and Class Rank:*** Look for students with *at least a B or B+ average in rigor high school classes.* Accept most of their students from the top 10% to 35% *of their high school class.*

***Test Scores:*** Median SAT of 620 to 654 on SAT critical reading and math/ 27 to 28 composite on the ACT.

***Acceptance Rate:*** Generally accept between 33% and 50% of their applicants.

***Examples:*** University of Georgia, University of Florida, Furman, Oglethorpe, New York University, Boston University, Wake Forest, Spelman



### Very Competitive Schools

**GPA and Class Rank:** Look for students with at least a B- average and students that rank *in the top 35% to 50% of their class or higher*.

**Test Scores:** Median SAT of 572 to 620 on SAT critical reading and math / 23 to 27 composite on the ACT

**Acceptance Rate:** generally accept between 50% and 75% of their applicants

**Examples:** North Georgia, Georgia College, Georgia State University, Appalachian State University, University of Tennessee, University of Alabama, Clemson, Mercer, Berry

### Competitive Schools

**GPA and Class Rank:** Some require that students have at least a high school GPA of B- or better, although some state a minimum of C+ or C. They typically admit students *in the top 50% to 65% of their high school class or higher*.

**Test Scores:** Median SAT between 500 to 572 on critical reading and math / 21 and 23 composite on the ACT.

**Acceptance Rate:** generally accept 75% to 85% of their applicants.

**Examples:** Valdosta, Georgia Southern, Kennesaw State, West Georgia, Augusta State, Columbus State, Clayton State

### Less Competitive Schools

**GPA and Class Rank:** Admit students with averages below C who rank in the top 65% of their class. Usually a 2.0 Academic GPA is required.

**Test Scores:** The median freshman test scores are *below 500 SAT critical reading and math and below 21 on the ACT*.

**Acceptance Rate:** generally accept 85% or more of their applicants.

**Examples:** Georgia Gwinnett College, Savannah State, Reinhardt University, Life University, Middle GA State, Morehouse College

### Noncompetitive Schools

**GPA and Class Rank:** Only require evidence of graduation from high school or GED.

**Test Scores:** Some require that entrance exams be taken for placement purposes only.

**Acceptance Rate:** generally accept 98% or more of their applicants.

**Examples:** Gwinnett Tech, Lanier Tech, Athens Tech, Chattahoochee Tech

SAT Testing Information | <https://satsuite.collegeboard.org/sat>  
 \$60.00; Late fee: \$30.00

Test Date	Reg. Deadline	Late Deadline
<b>August 27, 2022</b>	July 29, 2022	August 16, 2022
<b>October 1, 2022</b>	September 2, 2022	September 20, 2022
<b>November 5, 2022</b>	October 7, 2022	October 25, 2022
<b>December 3, 2022</b>	November 3, 2022	November 22, 2022
<b>March 11, 2023</b>	February 10, 2023	February 28, 2023
<b>May 6, 2023</b>	April 7, 2023	April 25, 2023
June 3, 2023	May 4, 2023	May 23, 2023

*\*The SAT is offered at WBHS on the dates in BOLD.*

ACT Testing Information | <https://www.act.org/content/act/en.html>  
 \$63.00; \$88.00 (w/writing); Late fee: \$36.00

Test Date	Reg. Deadline	Late Deadline
September 10, 2022	August 5, 2022	August 19, 2022
October 22, 2022	September 16, 2022	September 30, 2022
December 10, 2022	November 4, 2022	November 11, 2022
February 11, 2023	January 6, 2023	January 20, 2023
April 15, 2023	March 10, 2023	March 24, 2023
June 10, 2023	May 5, 2023	May 19, 2023
July 15, 2023	June 16, 2023	June 23, 2023

*The ACT is offered in Athens, Lawrenceville, Jackson County, and Watkinsville*

*\*Waivers for students on free/reduced lunch can be obtained from Ms. Long (CRC).*

## TESTING INFORMATION: SAT vs. ACT

### **SAT** *WWW.COLLEGEBOARD.ORG*

#### **Basic Format:**

Math (1 section w/calculator, 1 without)  
Reading  
Writing and Language

#### **Philosophy:**

Aptitude: Rewards reasoning, meaning of words in context, & focus on knowledge for college/career readiness.

#### **Material Covered:**

Math up to Pre-Calculus  
Vocabulary  
Reading Comprehension  
Grammar/Editing  
Essay writing (Comprehension of text)

#### **Timing:**

3 hours

#### **Scoring:**

Each section is graded on a 200-800 scale, with a total range of 400 to 1600. 500 is the national average of each section. Scores range from 10-40 on test and cross-test scores, and components of the essay will each be reported on a 2-8 scale.

#### **Superscoring:**

Most schools will superscore the SAT, meaning they will take the best math and best evidence-based reading and writing score, even if they are from different sittings.

#### **Guessing Penalty:**

No, meaning a student should never leave an answer blank. Guess!

### **ACT** *WWW.ACTSTUDENT.ORG*

#### **Basic Format:**

Math (Calculator allowed on all questions)  
Reading  
English  
Science  
Optional Essay

#### **Philosophy:**

Achievement: Rewards hard work in school, general reasoning, and strong grasp of material. (No formulas given.)

#### **Material Covered:**

Math up to Trigonometry  
Reading Comprehension  
Grammar/Editing  
Science (critical thinking skills, not science knowledge)  
Essay writing (Evaluating/analyzing complex issues)

#### **Timing:**

2 hours 55 min. plus 40 min. for optional essay

#### **Scoring:**

Each subject is graded on a 1-36 scale. 21 is the national average in each. The four subject scores are averaged, and a composite score is reported on a 1-36 scale. The optional writing score is reported on a 2-12 scale and is not part of the composite score.

#### **Superscoring:**

More schools are beginning to superscore the ACT, but those who do not, they will take the highest composite score.

#### **Guessing Penalty:**

No, meaning a student should never leave an answer blank. Guess!

## 2018 Concordance Tables

**Table A1:** SAT Total to ACT Composite

SAT	ACT	SAT	ACT	SAT	ACT
1600	36	1250	26	910	16
*1590	36	*1240	26	900	16
1580	36	1230	26	*890	16
1570	36	1220	25	880	16
1560	35	*1210	25	870	15
1550	35	1200	25	860	15
*1540	35	1190	24	*850	15
1530	35	*1180	24	840	15
1520	34	1170	24	830	15
1510	34	1160	24	820	14
*1500	34	1150	23	810	14
1490	34	*1140	23	*800	14
1480	33	1130	23	790	14
1470	33	1120	22	780	14
*1460	33	*1110	22	770	13
1450	33	1100	22	*760	13
1440	32	1090	21	750	13
*1430	32	*1080	21	740	13
1420	32	1070	21	730	13
1410	31	1060	21	720	12
*1400	31	1050	20	*710	12
1390	31	*1040	20	700	12
1380	30	1030	20	690	12
*1370	30	1020	19	680	11
1360	30	*1010	19	*670	11
1350	29	1000	19	660	11
*1340	29	990	19	650	11
1330	29	980	18	640	10
1320	28	*970	18	*630	10
*1310	28	960	18	620	10
1300	28	950	17	610	9
1290	27	940	17	600	9
*1280	27	*930	17	*590	9
1270	27	920	17		
1260	27				

\*Use this SAT score when a single score point comparison is needed.

**Note:** Concordance tables for the ACT Composite were derived from concordances of the ACT sum score.

**Table A2:** ACT Composite to SAT Total

ACT	SAT	SAT Range
36	1590	1570–1600
35	1540	1530–1560
34	1500	1490–1520
33	1460	1450–1480
32	1430	1420–1440
31	1400	1390–1410
30	1370	1360–1380
29	1340	1330–1350
28	1310	1300–1320
27	1280	1260–1290
26	1240	1230–1250
25	1210	1200–1220
24	1180	1160–1190
23	1140	1130–1150
22	1110	1100–1120
21	1080	1060–1090
20	1040	1030–1050
19	1010	990–1020
18	970	960–980
17	930	920–950
16	890	880–910
15	850	830–870
14	800	780–820
13	760	730–770
12	710	690–720
11	670	650–680
10	630	620–640
9	590	590–610

# TESTING PREPARATION

The SAT and ACT are important components of the college admissions process. Students who take time to study for these tests see positive results. You can study by taking a class, using internet resources, and/or reviewing with a test preparation book. It is highly recommended that you take a practice test prior to your testing date.

Below you will find a list of resources that will be beneficial for you:

**Internet Resources:** *Many of these websites offer free practice or live streaming.*

- [www.act.org/content/act/en/products-and-services/the-act/test-preparation/free-act-test-prep.html](http://www.act.org/content/act/en/products-and-services/the-act/test-preparation/free-act-test-prep.html)
- [www.khanacademy.org/sat](http://www.khanacademy.org/sat)
- [www.princetonreview.com](http://www.princetonreview.com)
- [www.kaptest.com](http://www.kaptest.com)
- [www.prepfactory.com](http://www.prepfactory.com)
- [www.powerscore.com](http://www.powerscore.com)
- [www.eprep.com](http://www.eprep.com)
- [www.prepexpert.com](http://www.prepexpert.com)
- [www.eknowledge.com](http://www.eknowledge.com)
- [www.military.com/join-armed-forces/asvab](http://www.military.com/join-armed-forces/asvab)
- [official-asvab.com](http://official-asvab.com)
- <https://accuplacer.collegeboard.org/student/inside-the-test>

**Books:** *The list below is just a sample of available books. There are many other test prep books available. You can purchase these books online or at most bookstores.*

- *The Official SAT Study Guide, 2020 Edition* by The College Board
- *The Official ACT Prep Guide, 2020-2022* by ACT
- *SAT Prep Book: Kallis' SAT Pattern Strategy* by KALLIS
- *ACT Prep 2021* by Kaplan
- *SAT Prep Black Book, 2nd Edition* by M. Barrett & P. Barrett
- *ACT Prep Black Book, 2nd Edition* by M. Barrett & P. Barrett
- *Barron's SAT, 29th Edition* by S. Green and I. Wolf
- *Barron's ACT, 4th Edition* by B. Stewart

**Classes:** *Classes are available through in-person and online sessions.*

- C2 Education (Suwanee, Lilburn)
- Sylvan Learning (Snellville & Suwanee)
- Princeton Review (Atlanta)
- Kaplan (Snellville, Suwanee, Duluth)
- Mathnasium (Braselton)

# PAYING FOR COLLEGE

## Breakdown of the Financial Aid Terminology:

- **Scholarships:** An award that does not have to be repaid. Scholarships are generally granted based on an applicant meeting certain eligibility criteria.
- **Grants:** A grant is a financial award given to a student for the purposes of paying for all or part of college expense. A grant does not need to be repaid by the student.
- **Loans:** Financial Aid awards that the student or parent borrows from a lender, the school or other third party. Loans must be repaid by the borrower, usually with interest.
- **Work-study:** A work-study program allows a student to earn money by working part time during the school year as a component of their financial aid package. The jobs are usually on campus.

## Sources of Financial Aid:

- **Federal Government:** The federal government is the largest source of financial aid. Awards are based on financial need. Students fill out the Federal Application for Student Aid each year. Visit [www.fafsa.gov](http://www.fafsa.gov) for additional information.
- **Colleges and Universities:** Schools offer a wide variety of aid and scholarships to students. These awards are both merit-based and need-based. Students might need to complete an additional application for scholarships or it may be offered as part of the admissions process. Contact your school of interest for additional information.
- **Private Sources:** Churches, companies, and other organizations offer a variety of scholarships for students. Each organization has a specific set of qualification requirements. For additional information contact local organizations or visit scholarship search websites.

## Georgia's Hope Program:

- The **HOPE Scholarship** program is for students that are seeking a college degree and plan on attending college in Georgia. A 3.0 GPA in academic courses (Language Arts, Social Studies, Math, Science, and Foreign Language) is required after graduation. A part of your college tuition will be covered, usually about 85%. This amount will vary depending on projected lottery revenues and expenditures.
- The **HOPE Grant** program is for students seeking a technical certification or diploma, regardless of the student's high school grade point average or graduation date. This will cover about 80% of tuition at a Georgia public technical college or public college or university.
- The **Zell Miller Scholarship** program is for students who have demonstrated academic achievement and that are seeking a college degree in Georgia. To become eligible, a student must graduate with a 3.7 GPA in academic courses after graduation and a minimum score of 1200 on the SAT (EBRW and Math) or 26 on the ACT in one sitting.
- The **Zell Miller Grant** program is students working towards a certificate or diploma at a Georgia technical system or university system college. Full-time enrollment, nor a specific high school GPA is required, however, a minimum 3.5 cumulative postsecondary GPA, at the end of each term, is required in order to maintain eligibility.

You can check your HOPE GPA using [www.gafutures.org](http://www.gafutures.org).

# THE FINANCIAL AID RUNDOWN



## FSA ID SUMMER BEFORE 12TH



Students and parent/guardians must create a username and password called an FSA ID that you'll use to confirm your identity when accessing your government financial aid information and electronically signing your federal student aid documents.

## FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (FAFSA) OCTOBER 1



As soon as possible after its Oct. 1 release, complete and submit your FAFSA form at [fafsa.gov](http://fafsa.gov), along with any other financial aid applications your chosen school(s) may require. You should submit your FAFSA form by the earliest financial aid deadline of the schools to which you are applying, usually by early February.

## FAFSA Completion Event November 3



This will be an evening event to assist in completing the FAFSA with experts!



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## IMPORTANT RESOURCES

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### College Planning

<a href="http://www.gafutures.org">www.gafutures.org</a>	College Search, Scholarships, Career Assessments, HOPE GPA
<a href="http://www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org">www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org</a>	College and Career Exploration, Comparison, Scholarships
<a href="http://www.cappex.org">www.cappex.org</a>	College Search, Admission Chances, Scholarships
<a href="http://www.collegescorecard.ed.gov">www.collegescorecard.ed.gov</a>	College data, grad rates, debt information
<a href="http://www.commonapp.org">www.commonapp.org</a>	Common Application Forms
<a href="http://www.collegeview.com">www.collegeview.com</a>	College Search, Application Process, Financial Aid, Majors
<a href="http://www.campustour.com">www.campustour.com</a>	Virtual Campus Tour
<a href="http://www.usnews.com/rankings">www.usnews.com/rankings</a>	College and University Rankings
<a href="http://www.collegeconfidential.com">www.collegeconfidential.com</a>	College Search, Admissions, Paying for College
<a href="http://www.petersons.com">www.petersons.com</a>	Guide to Colleges and Universities
<a href="http://www.collegeweeklive.com">www.collegeweeklive.com</a>	College Search, Scholarships, Applications
<a href="http://www.usg.edu/information/prospective_students/">www.usg.edu/information/prospective_students/</a>	University System of GA College Search

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### Financial Aid and Scholarships

<a href="http://www.fafsa.ed.gov">www.fafsa.ed.gov</a>	Federal Application for Financial Aid
<a href="http://www.studentaid.ed.gov">www.studentaid.ed.gov</a>	Financial Aid Explanations
<a href="http://www.usg.edu/information/prospective_students">www.usg.edu/information/prospective_students</a>	Tuition, Fees, and Financial Aid
<a href="http://www.fastweb.com">www.fastweb.com</a>	Scholarship Search
<a href="http://www.myscholly.com">www.myscholly.com</a> (App available)	Scholarship Search
<a href="http://www.scholarships.com">www.scholarships.com</a>	Scholarship Search
<a href="http://www.studentscholarships.org">www.studentscholarships.org</a>	Scholarship Search, Career Information, College Search
<a href="http://www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org">www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org</a>	Scholarship Search

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### Academic Majors

<a href="http://www.youscience.com">www.youscience.com</a>	Majors, Careers, and Schools
<a href="http://www.collegemajors101.com">www.collegemajors101.com</a>	Major and Career Information
<a href="http://www.majors.admissions.uga.edu">www.majors.admissions.uga.edu</a>	College and Major Search, Test Prep
<a href="http://www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org">www.bigfuture.collegeboard.org</a>	Majors, Careers, Schools
<a href="http://www.usg.edu/information/prospective_students/">www.usg.edu/information/prospective_students/</a>	Degree and Major Search Tool for University System of GA Schools

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### Military Planning

*Students should be aware of the closest recruitment office near them, and look for recruiters outside the cafeteria throughout the school year.*

<a href="http://www.airforce.com">www.airforce.com</a>	3500 Gwinnett Pl Dr NW #14, Duluth, GA 30096 (770-418-9567)
<a href="http://www.goarmy.com">www.goarmy.com</a>	GA Square Mall, 3700 Atlanta Ave St 233, ATHENS, GA 30606 (706-546-6201)
<a href="http://www.marines.com">www.marines.com</a>	3320 Buford Dr NE #70, Buford, GA 30519 (770-831-1633)
<a href="http://www.navy.com">www.navy.com</a>	1154 Lawrenceville Hwy Suite 104A, Lawrenceville, GA 30045 (678-376-0169)

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### Career and Employment Planning

<a href="http://www.ajb.dni.us">www.ajb.dni.us</a>	America's Job Bank
<a href="http://www.careerpath.com">www.careerpath.com</a>	Career Information, Career and Personality Tests
<a href="http://www.dol.state.ga.us">www.dol.state.ga.us</a>	Georgia Dept. of Labor
<a href="http://www.onetcenter.org">www.onetcenter.org</a>	Occupational Information Network
<a href="http://www.myfuture.com">www.myfuture.com</a>	College, Career and Military Search

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# WINDER-BARROW HIGH SCHOOL COUNSELORS

## **CORY PEPPERS**

cory.peppers@barrow.k12.ga.us

**Last Names A-E**

## **ANGELIA BRUCE**

angelia.bruce@barrow.k12.ga.us

**Last Names F-K**

## **GRANADA WATSON**

granada.watson@barrow.k12.ga.us

**Last Names L-Q**

## **AKUA NELSON**

akua.nelson@barrow.k12.ga.us

**Last Names R-Z**

## **COUNSELING WEBSITE:**

[www.bit.ly/WBHScounseling](http://www.bit.ly/WBHScounseling)

### **To make an appointment (Students):**

- Go to [bit.ly/wbhscounseling](http://bit.ly/wbhscounseling)
- Click “Make an Appointment”
- Select your appointment type & counselor
- Select an available date & time
- Complete appointment information

### **To make a Records Request:**

Make an appointment like described above for the record you need or email [wendy.casper@barrow.k12.ga.us](mailto:wendy.casper@barrow.k12.ga.us).

### **To make an appointment (Parents):**

Contact your child’s counselor through phone or e-mail.

## **CAREER RESOURCE CENTER:**

**LIZ LONG**

[liz.long@barrow.k12.ga.us](mailto:liz.long@barrow.k12.ga.us)

(Dual Enrollment, Fee waivers & Scholarships)

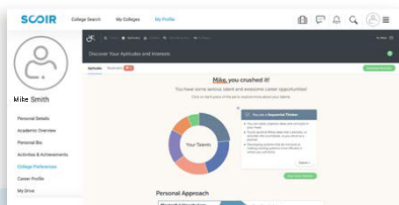
# SCOIR

## The College Admissions Network

One place to manage and connect on all things college search, fit, and admissions.

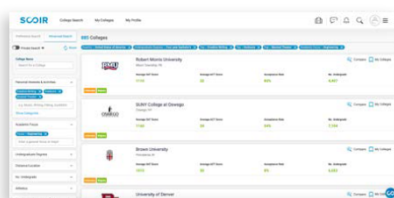
### Discover Career Paths

- Understand your talents
- See how they relate to careers
- Match them to relevant majors



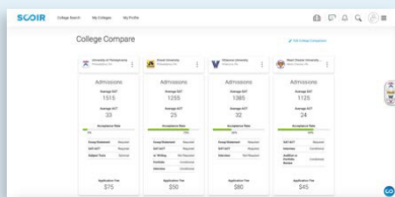
### Search for Your College Fit

- Customize your college preferences
- Enjoy a personalized college search experience
- Find answers to your key questions



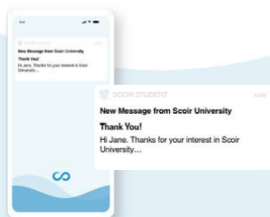
### Curate Your College List

- Compare college details for schools that interest you
  - Organize your college lists
  - Manage your application documents



### Message & Collaborate Along the Way

- Receive relevant messages from schools after adding them to your "My Colleges" list
- Collaborate with your parents, counselors, and teachers



Learn more about how Scoir can help you [make the right decision](#) about your education.

**Apply with confidence. Sign up today.**

Look for an invite from your counselor or head to [www.scoir.com](http://www.scoir.com) to register.

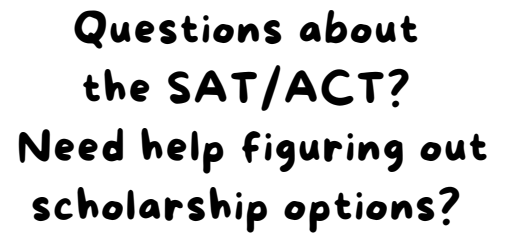




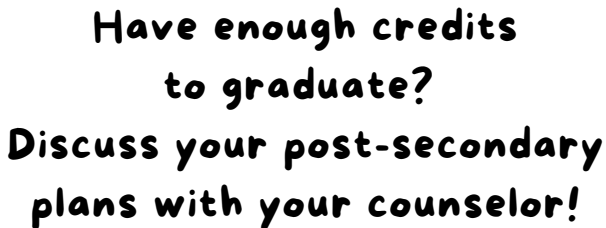
**OMG!**



**CLASS OF 2023  
SENIOR  
MEETINGS**



Questions about  
the SAT/ACT?  
Need help figuring out  
scholarship options?



Have enough credits  
to graduate?  
Discuss your post-secondary  
plans with your counselor!



**WB**

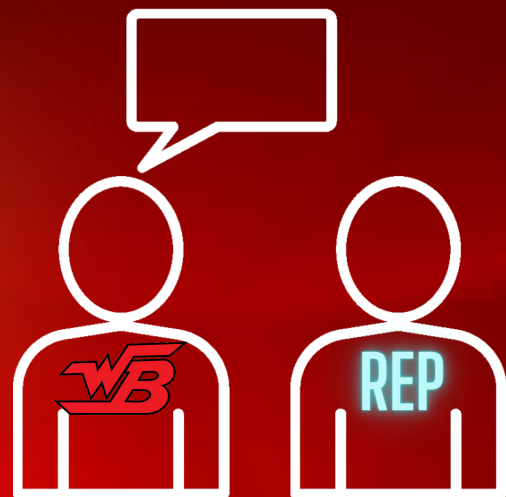


**WOW!**



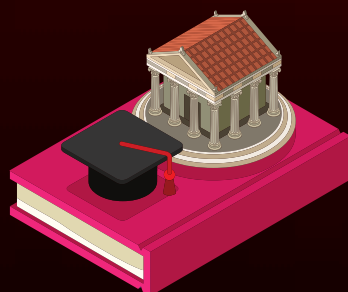
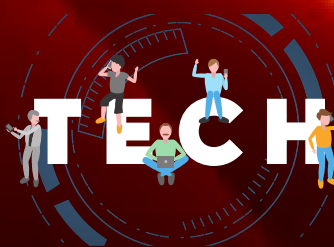
PLEASE MAKE AN APPOINTMENT DURING  
**AUGUST 29 - SEPTEMBER 30**  
APPOINTMENTS PRIOR TO AUGUST 29  
WILL BE RESCHEDULED. GUARDIANS ARE  
WELCOME TO ATTEND.

# PROBE COLLEGE FAIR



Juniors and Seniors:  
Make sure to be heard  
for this event. Dress  
for impress and have  
questions ready for  
all the +70 reps in  
attendance.

September 13, 2022  
1-2:30pm  
WBHS Gym (Top)



# WINDER-BARROW HIGH SCHOOL'S

**OCT. 31 - NOV. 4, 2022**

## **APPLY TO COLLEGE WEEK**



Week-long activities to encourage & excite students about applying to college, free applications & games too



LATINX, HBCU, College Admissions and Former Student Panels to learn more about college experience



Apply to College & Financial Aid Days to assist with the process

# Finding the Perfect College

Most students want to find the “perfect” college. The truth is, there’s no such thing. You can find many colleges where you can be happy and get a great education. The college search is about exploring who you are and what you want and then finding colleges that will meet your goals.

## BEFORE SEARCHING CONSIDER THESE 8 FACTORS

<b>Size</b>	<b>Location</b>
<b>Available majors and classes</b>	<b>Available extracurricular activities</b>
<b>Distance from home</b>	<b>Makeup of the student body</b>
<b>Housing options</b>	<b>Campus atmosphere</b>

### Questions to consider:

- Which of these aspects are things you feel you must have to be comfortable at a college?
- On which factors are you flexible?
- What do you want to accomplish in college?
- Do you want to train for a specific job or get a wide-ranging education?
- If you have a major in mind, do the colleges you are considering specialize in that major?

**Bigfuture.collegeboard.org** is a great option to sort through the many options out there, based on your preferences.

## Here are steps you can take to find colleges where you will thrive.

### KEEP AN OPEN MIND

Although it’s good to have some ideas in mind about what sorts of colleges will be right for you, stay open to all the possibilities at the beginning of your search.

### TALK TO PEOPLE WHO KNOW YOU

Tell parents, teachers, relatives, friends, and your school counselor about your goals, and ask if they can suggest colleges that may be a good fit for you.

### DON'T LIMIT YOUR SEARCH

At the start of this process, you may rule out colleges because you think that they are too expensive or too hard to get into, but this may not be the reality. Remember that financial aid can make college more affordable, and colleges look at more than just grades and test scores.

### DO YOUR HOMEWORK

Once you have a list of schools, it’s time to do some research. To learn more about the colleges you’re considering, check out college guidebooks and websites. Jot down your questions and get answers by:

- Talking to your school counselor or teachers
- Checking out colleges’ student blogs, if available
- Contacting college admission officials
- Asking admission officials to recommend current students or recent graduates with whom you can have conversations
- Visiting college campuses, if possible

# FAQ: College Entrance Exams

## GENERAL

**What are college entrance exams?** These tests are designed to measure students' skills and help colleges evaluate how ready you are for college-level work. The SAT<sup>®</sup> and ACT are both accepted by nearly all colleges and universities.

**Do all colleges require a college entrance exam as part of the application process?** Most four-year institutions require a college entrance exam score. The ones that do not require these scores will indicate that in their admission policies.

**What other tests may be recommended or required?** Some colleges may require SAT Subject Tests<sup>™</sup> as part of the admission application, for application to certain majors, or for course placement.

**How many times should a college entrance exam be taken?** Most students take a college entrance exam twice—once in the spring of the junior year and once at the beginning of the senior year.

## SCORES

**How do colleges use test scores?** They are used to apply a common standard for all students no matter where they went to high school. Colleges look at your test scores, along with your high school grades and courses, to see how well prepared you are for college-level work.

**Does a college receive all scores from every college entrance exam you've taken?** Some colleges will allow you to select which scores you would like considered for admission and others might have specific instructions about which scores get reported. This information, along with how they require them to be sent, will be included in their application guidelines.

## PREPARING

**What is the best way to prepare for a college entrance exam?** The best way to prepare is to work hard both inside and outside the classroom. Take challenging courses, study hard, and read and write as much as you can.

**What are other ways to prepare for the tests?**

- Know what to expect. Being familiar with the test's format is the single best way to prepare for that test. Go to the testing organization's website to get familiar with the various test sections and the instructions for each part.

- Take preliminary tests. These tests (such as the PSAT/NMSQT<sup>®</sup>) are meant to be taken in the sophomore or junior year and have the same format and question types as the admission tests. You can use your score reports to help identify specific areas you need to focus on.
- Practice, practice, practice. Students can use Khan Academy to practice for the SAT for free with a world-class platform offering personalized and instructional content. Using free resources like Khan Academy and practice tests from the testing organizations' websites, you can discover your strengths and weaknesses and learn how to manage your time wisely during the test.

# Campus Visit Checklist

Visiting a college campus helps you get a sense of what a college — and life at that college — is like. This can help you decide whether the college is right for you.

## GATHER INFORMATION

Find out what you need to do to apply, and see if the college's class and major offerings are what you want:

- Take part in a group information session at the admission office.
- Interview with an admission officer.
- Pick up financial aid forms.
- Sit in on a class that interests you. If classes aren't in session, just see what the classrooms are like.
- Meet a professor who teaches a subject that interests you.
- Talk to students about what they think of their classes and professors.
- Get the names and business cards of the people you meet so you can contact them later if you have questions.

## EXPLORE THE CAMPUS

Get a feel for student life, and see if this college is a place where you will do well:

- Take a campus tour.
- Talk to current students about the college and life on campus.
- Check out the freshman dorms, and stay overnight with a student, if possible.
- Visit the dining hall, fitness center, library, career center, bookstore, and other campus facilities.
- Talk to the coaches of sports that you may want to play.
- Walk or drive around the community surrounding the campus.

## CHECK OUT CAMPUS MEDIA

Tune in to learn what's happening on campus and what's on students' minds:

- Listen to the college radio station.
- Read the student newspaper.
- Scan bulletin boards to see what daily student life is like.
- Go to the career center and learn what services it offers.
- Browse the school's website and any campus blogs.
- Read other student publications, such as department newsletters, and literary reviews.



# GET THE MOST OUT OF A CAMPUS VISIT IN 6 STEPS

## 1 DECIDE WHERE AND HOW

See if your school arranges group trips to colleges or if you could get a group of friends together and visit the campus. A family trip is another option and allows you to involve your family in the process.

## 2 PREPARE FOR YOUR VISIT

Before you set out, get a map of the college campus and pick out places of interest. Call the college's admission office to schedule a guided tour of the campus.

## 3 TAKE YOUR OWN TOUR

Just wandering around the campus on your own or with friends can be the best way to get a feel for what a college is like.

## 4 EXPLORE THE FACILITIES

Finding the spots on campus where students gather or asking a student where the best place to eat can give you a feel for the character of the college. Visit the library and check out the gym or theater. Ask an admission officer if you can tour a dorm and a classroom.

## 5 MAKE CONNECTIONS

Talk to current students. Ask the students at the next table or sitting nearby what they like best about the college.

## 6 TAKE NOTES

During your visit, write down some notes about your experience. What did you see that excited you? Are there aspects of the college that you don't like? If so, what are they?

## Questions to Ask During Your Visit:

### ASK TOUR GUIDES/STUDENTS

- What are the best reasons to go to this college?
- What's it like to go from high school to college?
- What do you do in your free time? On the weekends?
- What do you love about this college?
- What do you wish you could change about this college?
- Why did you choose this college?
- What is it like to live here?
- What does the college do to promote student involvement in campus groups, extracurricular activities, or volunteerism?

### ASK PROFESSORS

- What are the best reasons to go to this college?
- Can a student be mentored by professors, graduate students, or upperclassmen?
- How are professors rated by the college? Does the college think mentoring and meetings for project guidance are important?
- How does the college help students have access to professors outside class? Do professors join students for lunch, help with community service groups, or guide student organizations?
- How many students do research or other kinds of projects for a semester or more?

### ASK FINANCIAL AID OFFICE

- How much has your total college cost for each student risen in the past year?
- How much do your students usually owe in loans when they graduate?
- What is the average income of graduates who had the same major that interests me?
- Will my costs go up when your tuition goes up, or can we use the same tuition rate I started with so I'll know the costs for four years? What should I expect in terms of increases in living expenses?
- How many students usually graduate in the major that interests me? How long do these students usually take to get their degrees? In what ways does the college help students graduate in four years?

# College Exploration Worksheet



**Audience:** Grades 9–11 **Purpose:** To develop college research and assessment skills **Materials:** Computer lab or college information books

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**Name of College:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Location of College:**  Small town  Urban/city  
 Suburban  Rural  
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_

**Type of College:**  Two-year  Four-year  
 Public  Private

**Type of Classroom:**  Lecture  
 Small seminars  
 Independent study  
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructors:**  Full-time faculty  
 Part-time faculty  
 Graduate student  
teaching assistants

**Financial assistance (type of financial aid, average financial aid package, average student graduation indebtedness):** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Size of the college:** \_\_\_\_\_  
*Total*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
*Undergraduate*      *Graduate*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
*Commuters*      *Residential*

**Benefits of the location (activities, etc.):** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Student body makeup:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Special academic programs:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Residential housing:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Academic support services:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Noteworthy alumni:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Special opportunities (internships, study abroad):** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Why might you recommend this college to a friend?**  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Career services:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_